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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/552,986	08/25/2006	Tor Brekke	2868.0010001/MAC	2477	
26111 STERNE, KES	7590 12/01/201 SSLER, GOLDSTEIN &	EXAM	EXAMINER		
1100 NEW YO	ORK AVENUE, N.W.	BAUER, CASSEY D			
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20005		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		3784			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			12/01/2010	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/552,986	BREKKE, TOR	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Cassey Bauer	3784	

	Cassey Bauer	3784						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress					
THE REPLY FILED 17 November 2010 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.						
application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe	☑ The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of the application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Reques for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time.							
 a) The period for reply expires 5 months from the mailing date 	of the final rejection.							
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO							
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date		36(a) and the appropriat	e extension fee					
have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL.	ension and the corresponding amount hortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing dat	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee te action; or (2) as					
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp.	liance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be	filed within two months	s of the date of					
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the						
AMENDMENTS								
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, t They raise new issues that would require further cor 	nsideration and/or search (see NO		cause					
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo								
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or			ne issues for					
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.						
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21 See attached Notice of Non-Co	mnliant Amendment (PTOL-324)					
Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		Inpliant Americanient (101-324).					
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		timely filed amendmer	nt canceling the					
 For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proving. 		l be entered and an e	xplanation of					
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:								
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:								
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:								
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:								
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE								
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 								
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a					
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER								
The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:					
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).							
/Cheryl J. Tyler/	/Cassey Bauer/							

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3744

Examiner, Art Unit 3784

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 18-25, 28-30 and 25, beginning on page 8 of the response that there would not have been an expectation for success that the system of Clark would circulate an ice slurry has been considered but is not persuasive. Applicant argues that the system of Clark would not circulate and ice slurry because the diffuser wall would at cas a filter to filter tice particles. The examiner maintains that affording larger pieces of ice may be filtered by the diffuser wall, smaller pieces of ice would be able to fit through the diffuser holes and circulate about the tank to meet the claimed limitations.

Applicant's arguments beginning on page 9 of the response that there is insufficient reasoning to circulate an ice sturry in an overflow back into the treatment tank has been considered but is not persuaview. The Applicant claims that the ice outlet of Coldstein contains only ice and not an ice sturry. However, the rejection of claim 18 is based on the modification of Clark by Miller and Goldstein. Goldstein is not being modified by Clark. When Clark is modified by Clark an ice sturry circulating through the tank, an ice sturry will indeed be present in the overflow (136) of Clark to meet the claimed limitations. Further, the examiner provided reasoning based not only on the disclosure of Goldstein but also on what one skilled in the art would consider common knowledge (i.e. utilizing residual confidence and great deliminating the need for disposing of the ice sturry solution). Therefore the examiner believes that the teaching of Goldstein and common knowledge purpowides the necessary motivation for arriving at the claimed invention.

Applicant's arguments beginning on page 10 of the response that the system of Clark as modified by Goldstein would destroy the ability of Clark to perform it's intended function has been considered but is not persuasive. Applicant claims that in order to modify Clark by Goldstein, it would be necessary to include ice bed 17, 17A, or 17 and therefore the apparatus of Clark could no longer function to heat the contents. However, the examiner disagrees. To modify Clark by Goldstein to the would require nigmore than the pump (44) and the inlet pipe (48) to pump any slurry present in the overflow (136) of clark back into the treatment tank. Adding the pump and inlet pipe of Goldstein to the overflow pipe of Clark, in no way prevents the apparatus of Clark from functionity.

In response to Applicant's arguments beginning on page 11 of the response that modifying Clark by Goldstein would unnecessarily complicate the system has been considered but is not persuasive. Applicant should note that it has been held that simplicitly of the prior art is rarely a characteristic that weighs against obviousness of a more complicated device with added function, see MPEP 2143.01 V. Since complicating the structure of Clark adds the function of recirculating ice surry present in the overflow back in the tank, one skilled in the art would understand that the combination would be advantagous over the more simple structure of Clark which does not have the capability of recycling the overflow and the combination is therefore obvious.

Therefore, the rejection of claims 18-25, 28-30 and 35 are proper and remains.

Applicant's arguments beginning on page 12 of the response with respect to claims 31-34 and 36 have been considered but are not persusive. Applicant's arguments for claims 31-34 and 36 are substantially the same arguments with respect to claims 18-25, 28-30 and 35 and have been addressed short.

Therefore the rejection of claims 31-34 and 36 are proper and remain.